The Massillon Independent.

ISSUED SEMI-WEEKLY. MASSILLON, OHIO, MONDAY, JUNE 10, 1901 XL—NO 11

BOARD OF TRADE.

Regular Meeting Held Thursday Night.

COMMITTEE RAISED $4,647

This is But a Small Part of the Amount to be Secured for Three Massillon Industries—Committee Will Try to Bring the Amount Up to $5,000.

The regular monthly meeting of the board of trade was held Thursday night in the mayor's office with the following officers and members present: President W. F. Ricks, Secretary E. A. Jones, H. C Diehlenn, W. R. Harrison, L. A. Koons, J. W. Foltz, Frederick Snyder, H. C. Brown, D. Hemperly, J. J. Wise and W. E. N. Hemperly.

An inquiry was in the hands of the secretary, asking what the chances were in the city for the organization of a stock company for the manufacture of a good article. The writer stated that the amount of capital required would be in the neighborhood of $40,000. The letter stated that full particulars would be given if they were wanted. The secretary was instructed to reply to the letter, asking for more information. No donation was asked from the board.

The committee which had been named to solicit the $7,000 for the Dauntless Burner Company, the Rhodes Glass Bottle Company and M. Neal, reported that they had secured only $4,647. In the opinion of the committee it would be simply impossible at this time to raise the entire $7,000. The best that could be done was to raise $5,000. The list at the present time is $357 short of that amount. Several of the business men have not been seen and it is thought that that amount can be raised in one day if the right kind of an effort is put forth. The president stated that a committee had been appointed to see the farmers as they were the people who were benefited the most by the location of the Neal plant. The committee had some money, but it was necessary to wait until the crops for the year were assured when some donations from the farmers could be had.

One of the other members inquired about the aid that was expected from the W. & L. E. Railroad Company for the Neal plant. Mr. Ricks stated that the committee had done nothing in the matter on account of the fact that the management of the road had changed. It is expected that the railroad company will make concessions to Mr. Neal in the way of transportation when the works are again in operation. This, the president stated, would be separate and apart from the donation made by the board and had been so understood from the beginning. On motion by Mayor Wise the committee was given instructions to raise the amount to $5,000 if possible.

There being no other business, the board adjourned.

THE CONTROVERSY ENDED.

Farmers Manufacturing Company May Call Its Machine "Cyclone"

The commissioner of patents at Washington, Thursday, notified the Farmers Manufacturing Company that its claim to the right to the exclusive use of the term "Cyclone," as a trademark for a feed-cutter, has been sustained. The other concern which claimed this right was W. R. Harrison & Co. The application of W. R. Harrison & Co. to register the trademark at the patent office was filed August 3, 1900. The Farmers Company did not file its application until August 11, but the latter claimed that it had been using the term for several months, and had adopted it as the trademark for its machine before W. R. Harrison & Co. did so. The case was heard by the commissioner about two months ago, both companies sending attorneys to present their arguments. Since then the commissioner has held the case under advisement.

The Farmers Manufacturing Company will vacate its West street property June 17, on which day the removal of the machinery and equipment to Sebring will be begun. All the buildings to be occupied at Sebring have been completed. The company will employ 45 men, and the capacity of its plant will be 100 machines a week. The company is contemplating the manufacture of corn-shellers in connection with feed-cutters, the latter being the works' only product at present.

"We still retain possession of our West street property," remarked B. F. James, of the company, Friday morning. "The board of trade has looked over the buildings several times, but has made no overtures to purchase. We should like very well to remain in Massillon, but the offer we have received from Sebring is so much better than anything we could have gotten hereabouts that we are forced to accept."

Dyspeptics can not be long lived because to live requires nourishment. Food is not nourishing until it is digested. A disordered stomach cannot digest food, it must have assistance. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests all kinds of food without aid from the stomach, allowing it to rest and regain its natural functions. Its elements are exactly the same as the natural digestive fluids and it simply can't help but do you good. Chas. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont street; Rider & Snyder, 12 E. Main street.

STRUCK BY A BASEBALL

Fred Fuchs Severely Injured on Columbian Heights.

Fred Fuchs, a boy residing on the West Side, was struck in the left eye by a baseball while watching a game on Columbian Heights, Thursday. The ball, batted hard, hit with force, and the entire side of the child's face was rendered black and blue. He may lose the sight of the eye.

ARE IN EARNEST.

Northern Ohio Company Prepared to Act.

HAVE NOTIFIED COUNCIL.

Will Make a Request at the Next Meeting of the Council that the Preliminary Steps in Connection with the Granting of a Franchise be Taken—Other Councilmanic Matters.

The council has been given definite notice that at its next meeting it will be asked to take the preliminary steps in connection with granting a franchise to the Northern Ohio Traction Company to construct and operate an electric line over Front, North and Erie streets. The first work will be the advertising of the fact that the letting of such a franchise is about to be made. The chief objection that has been made to the route suggested by the company is that it provides for the running of cars past the North street school building.

Besides, there are members of the council and many other citizens who believe that as few streets as possible should be cut by street railways. The law passed by the last legislature compels all street railway companies having lines in operation to permit new companies to use their systems, to the extent of one-eighth of their mileage, and in this present instance, it is claimed, that a connection could be made with the Akron street line of the Canton-Massillon Company, and most of the cutting up of streets could be avoided. This suggestion will be made by a councilman when the application is presented.

A PLATTING COMMISSION.

Members of the council think that Massillon should have a platting commission. It frequently happens, as at present is the case in the matter of the Shriver sub-division, when a platting commission would be of value to the city. It could take matters in hand, lighten the duties of the council, and by reason of specialized experience prove a great benefit.

THERE WAS NO MEETING.

The council did not meet as a committee of the whole Wednesday evening to investigate the necessity of erecting an arc lamp in the vicinity of the rolling mill. The weather was too bad.

COUNTY SEAT NEWS.

CANTON, June 8.—Two prisoners at the workhouse, John Howard, known as "Hobo Jack," and William Henry, made a desperate attempt to escape on Friday forenoon. While waiting, with other prisoners, for the arrival of the institution's physician, the two made a break through the passage way leading from the brush works to the prison proper, ran across the court yard and through the gate leading to the stables, which, for some unaccountable reason had been left open. From the stables they had no trouble in getting outside the enclosure. Captain Rank, of the guards, fired three times at the fleeing prisoners, the last shot striking Howard in the jaw and bringing him to the ground. Henry made his escape, and the bloodhounds lost the trail after following him five miles. Both men were sent from Akron for larceny and housebreaking, and both have served terms in the penitentiary.

The alumni association of the Canton high school will hold its annual banquet at the Casino, Meyer's lake, on Friday evening, June 21. Covers are to be laid for one hundred and fifty guests.

The regular monthly report of Superintendent Yarger, of the county workhouse, has been submitted to the commissioners. The report says that the daily average of prisoners during May was 101. The total earnings during the month amounted to $1,020.39, divided as follows: For boarding prisoners, $838.27; labor in brush shop, $159.62; sale of brick and outside labor, $22.50. The total receipts during the month amounted to $1,554 69, which sum was turned into the county treasury. The superintendent also reported balance on hand of $716.63. The total expenses for the month amounted to $1,634.14, and the total cost of maintaining the institution over improvements and earnings amounted to $345.38.

Mr. James Brown, of Putsmouth, Va., over 90 years of age, suffered for years with a bad sore on his face. Physicians could not help him. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cured him permanently. Chas. W. Cupples, 139 West Tremont street; Rider & Snyder, 12 East Main street.

Quick Relief for Asthma.

Miss Maude Dickens, Parsons, Kans., writes: "I suffered eight years with asthma in its worst form. I had several attacks during the last year and was not expected to live through them. I began using Foley's Honey and Tar and it has never failed to give immediate relief." Rider & Snyder.

"ROW, NOT DRIFT."

"No Excellence Without Great Labor."

SCHOOL CLASSES MOTTOES

Graduating Exercises Held at Canal Fulton and Navarre on Thursday Evening—Eighteen Graduates at Canal Fulton and Four at Navarre—All Delivered Orations

CANAL FULTON, June 7.—The exercises of the twenty-third annual commencement of the Canal Fulton high school were held in the school hall Thursday evening. The valedictorian was Miss Rosalia Mayet. The subject of her oration was "Gentleness." Other orations delivered by the eighteen members of the class were "Some of Our Giants," by Edith Schrader; "Oratory, the Master of Art," Ada B. Becker; "The Kinship of Self Control," Ralph P. Bevard; "Be Greater Than Your Position," Bertha H. Blank; "Conquest of Right," Jay N. Braucher; "Interesting Things." C. Albert Breece; "The Influence of Christianity on Civilization," Erwin R. Donnewirth; "The Scourge of War," Florence M. Keniray; "Knowledge Advances," Curtis S. Kittinger; "Character Building," Pearl E. Kittinger; "Our Aim in Life," L. Roy Miller; "The Duty of American Citizenship," M. Curtis Miller; "The Majesty of Trifles," Laura B. Myers; "Our Ideal Future as We Paint It," Pearl M. Myers; "Whitewash," Frances A. Steiner; "Intellectual and Moral Achievements," Charlotte E. Swigart; "After Graduation—What?" Berlin B. Weil.

The class motto was "Row, Not Drift." The invocation was by the Rev. J. Mottershead, and the benediction by the Rev. William Elliot. The programme also included instrumental solos by Miss Grace Fisher and Miss Bertha H. Blank, a vocal duet by Miss Leila Yockey and John H. Focht; a piano duet by Bertha H. Blank and Ralph R. Bevard. "America" was sung by the audience. The diplomas were presented by J. P. Yockey, president of the board of education. A number of Massillonians attended the exercises.

NAVARRE, June 7.—The graduating class of the Navarre high school, whose commencement exercises were held on Thursday evening in St. Paul's Lutheran church, consisted of four members. All delivered orations. J Emmet Converse dealt with "Influences Left Behind;" Carrie E. Mentzer, "American Ideals;" Charles C. Lind, "Mark Antony;" Elizabeth H. Berns, "Education as Related to Civic Prosperity." The class motto was, "No Excellence Without Great Labor." The programme included piano solos by Venzo Grant, a piano duet by Miss Harriet Corl and Miss Theresa Zintsmaster, singing by the choir and the Arion Quartette and a vocal solo by Mrs. Wingerter. The Rev. J. E. Digel, of Massillon, invoked the divine blessing, and the benediction was said by the Rev. J. B. Downey. The class was addressed by Prof. J. M. Richardson, a principal in the Canton public schools. The diplomas were presented by E. A. Sisterhen, president of the board of education. Brief remarks were also made by Superintendent W. H. Stahl, of the Navarre public schools.

RACE FOR $100.

Horses of John Evans and Samuel McIntosh Matched.

John J. Evans, of this city, said today that arrangements have been made for a race for $100 between his trotting horse and that of Samuel McIntosh. The match is the result of a controversy which has been going on for some time as to which owned the faster horse. The race will take place June 19, probably on the fair grounds track.

K. of P. Election of Officers.

At a regular meeting of Perry Lodge No. 87, Knights of Pythias, Thursday evening, the following officers were elected for the current term: Chancellor commander, Thomas McGuire; vice chancellor, M. W. Oberlin; prelate, Harry Wade; master of work, W. Lee, inside guard, Rhinehart Wenzinger; outside guard, Nathan Klotz.

Danger, disease and death follow neglect of the bowels. Use DeWitt's Little Early Risers to regulate them and you will add years to your life and life to your years. Easy to take, never gripe. Chas. W. Cupples, 139 West Tremont street; Rider & Snyder, 12 East Main street.

Notice.

The Pilgrim Publishing Company, Ltd., has no intention of forcing the Pilgrim upon any one. None of our readers need hesitate to take it from the office. As soon as the books of the old company can be set right, all subscribers will be notified of date of expiration and no charges made for overtime.

THE PILGRIM PUB. CO., LTD.

Eczema, salt rheum, tetter, chafing, ivy poisoning and all skin tortures are quickly cured by DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. The certain pile cure. Chas. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont street; Rider & Snyder, 12 E. Main street.

Backache should never be neglected. It means kidney disorder which, if allowed to run too long, may result in Bright's disease, diabetes or other serious and often fatal complaints. Foley's Kidney Cure makes the kidneys well. Take nothing else. Rider & Snyder.

DAMAGES CLAIMED.

Administrator of Joseph Ess Brings Suit for $10,000.

CANTON, June 8.—[Special]—G. G. Paul, of Massillon, as administrator, today filed a suit in common pleas court against the Pennsylvania Railway Company, claiming damages in the sum of ten thousand dollars for the death of the late Joseph Ess. The petition avers that the death of Mr. Ess was due to negligence on the part of the defendant company, charging that on the night of October 29, 1900, a train on which the deceased took passage from Alliance to Massillon was so overcrowded that he, with many others, was obliged to remain on the platform, it being impossible to gain entrance to any of the cars, and that while riding on this exposed place the deceased was thrown from the car and killed. The plaintiff is represented by Welty & Albaugh, of this city.

TO FORM UNIONS.

Women in Many Fields of Labor.

INCLUDING DOMESTICS.

Members of the Trades and Labor Assembly Believe that Girls "Working Out" Could Obtain Many Concessions if They were to Organize—Stoni Zgorski to Organize Marble-Rollers—Other Union Notes.

The organization of a labor union by the waitresses has caused workingwomen otherwise employed to take up the subject. Persons connected with the Trades and Labor Assembly say that there is no reason why the girls employed in private residences should not form an organization. They think that many concessions in the way of days off and evenings off, if not a shorter workday and an increase in wages could be obtained. The glovemakers and seamstresses are to be urged to organize. The unions will be asked to send delegates to the Trades and Labor Assembly.

TO ORGANIZE MARBLE-ROLLERS.

Stoni Zgorski, of Navarre, was in the city the other day, on his way to Steubenville, where he will endeavor to organize into a union the glass marble-rollers of that city. Mr. Zgorski is a marble-maker himself, and has been at work on a union for some time. He states that application for recognition was made to both the flint and glass-workers' unions, and that it was denied them. The marble-rollers have since determined to organize an independent body. The marble factory at Steubenville was formerly located at Navarre, the head of the concern being Mr. Leighton, well known in this city.

AUSTRIA REFUSES.

Will Not Mediate Between Boers and British.

VIENNA, June 8.—[By Associated Press]—The Austrian minister of foreign affairs yesterday informed a deputation that Austria could not entertain a suggestion of mediation between Great Britain and the South African republics, and he said no government would care to undertake the mission after Great Britain had declared that it would not accept mediation.

FATALLY HURT.

Officer Falls from Government Building at Buffalo.

BUFFALO, June 8.—[By Associated Press]—Commander J. P. Bull, of the United States Navy, in charge of the hydrographic service in the Pan-American grounds, fell from the dome of the government building today and was probably fatally hurt.

MARRIED AT YOUNGSTOWN.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., June 8.—[By Associated Press]—Miss Louise Tayler, a sister of Congressman R. W. Tayler, was married today to Edward Jones, a specialist in the agricultural department in Washington. They will reside in Washington.

CHICAGO HOTEL FIRE.

CHICAGO, June 8.—[By Associated Press]—Seven persons were hurt this morning escaping from a fire in the Golden West hotel, in West Madison street. The fire started on the second floor and did but little damage, but guests jumped from the second story windows.

"The doctors told me my cough was incurable. One Minute Cough Cure made me a well man." Norris Silver, North Stratford, N. H. Because you've not found relief from a stubborn cough, don't despair. One Minute Cough Cure has cured thousands and it will cure you. Safe and sure. Chas. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont street, Rider & Snyder, 12 E. Main street.

Cycling has its ups and downs. After the downs, use Banner Salve if you're cut or bruised. It heals the hurt quickly. Rider & Snyder.

WELSH BAPTISTS.

Sixty-second Convention at East Greenville.

THE DELEGATES PRESENT.

The First Session Held Friday Evening—Meetings, Today, Sunday and Monday—A Dozen Towns in Ohio and Pennsylvania Represented—Business of the Convention.

EAST GREENVILLE, June 8—The sixty-second annual convention of the Welsh Baptist church of this district, which includes Ohio and a portion of Pennsylvania, opened in the Welsh Baptist church at this place Friday evening. The Welsh Baptists of United States number 5.000, about 2,000 of whom are of this district. The ministers of all the churches in the district are expected to be present at this convention, and each church is entitled to lay delegate as well.

The business of the convention will be finished today, but the meetings will be continued till Monday. There will be preaching services tonight, Sunday morning, afternoon and evening. The morning sermon will be in the Welsh language, the afternoon in the English, and in the evening both English and Welsh sermons will be preached. A sermon in Welsh will be preached Monday evening.

The attendance upon the convention is not as great as ordinarily, so Vice President Lloyd stated Saturday morning, owing to the fact that East Greenville has not direct railway connection. The visitors are compelled to come to Massillon and be driven from that city here. No town in the state, however, in proportion to its size, has as large a Welsh population as this village. There are two Welsh churches here, one being known as the Independent Welsh church.

Vice President Lloyd opened the convention. The president, Dr. D. H. Jones, of Sharon, has not yet arrived. The other officers are Secretary Joseph Obray, of Youngstown, and Treasurer James Thomas, of Niles. The Rev. W. J. Williams, of Girard, preached Friday evening, taking for his text the first and second verses of the one hundred and twenty-first Psalm.

The Saturday morning session opened at 10 o'clock. Reports from the various churches in the district were read and discussed. They showed the membership to be increasing, and the general condition of things to be excellent. The reports of committees were also received. They dealt with a variety of subjects. A list of those attending the convention follows:

From Pittsburg—The Rev. Rosslyn Davis, the Rev. R. C. Morgan, W. R. James, William Griffith.

From Newcastle, Pa.—The Rev. Dr. J. M. Lloyd, Benjamin James and Mrs. Abigail Price.

From Sharon, Pa.—Lewis Williams, John R. Lewis, Rev. Thomas Thomas.

From Johnstown, Pa.—The Rev. R. C. Morgan.

From Homestead, Pa.—The Rev. James Lewis.

From Youngstown—The Rev. John T. Lloyd, Joseph Obray, Frank Edwards, Dr. D. H. Jones.

From Churchhill—James Morgan.

From Girard—John P. Davis.

From Mineral Ridge—The Rev. Dr. W. J. Williams, the Rev. D. Evans.

From Niles—The Rev. David Evans, James Thomas.

From Justus—Joshua Jones.

From East Greenville—Thomas H. Lewis, Thomas L. Reese.

A great many others are expected to arrive this evening. Among the visitors are many vocalists of renown, and special musical programmes have been arranged for each of the Sunday services.

The election of officers resulted as follows: President, the Rev. Dr. J. T. Lloyd; vice president, the Rev. Dr. J. M. Lloyd. The terms of the secretary and treasurer do not expire until next year. The following committees were appointed for the ensuing year:

Public Services—Thomas Lewis, J. T. Davis, Thomas Reese, James Jones, W. A. Williams.

Obituaries—T. R. Davis, J. M. Lloyd.

Denominational Literature—W. J. Williams, James Lewis.

Auditing—Benjamin Jones, William Griffith.

The following resolution was adopted just before the close of the Saturday morning session: "Resolved, That this association extend its thanks to the Hon. Anthony Howells, of Massillon, for his generosity toward the Baptists of East Greenville, and his sympathy for the Welsh of the association at large, and that the asssociation invite Mr. Howells to attend all of the public services of the association that shall be held at East Greenville during today and tomorrow."

A copy of this resolution was presented to Mr. Howells by a committee, and he accepted the invitation to attend the services. The church at East Greenville was made possible largely through the generosity of Mr. Howells, being erected mainly at his expense. Mr. Howells also donated the lot on which the Independent Welsh church stands.

A fatal policy is to neglect a backache or other sign of kidney trouble. Foley's Kidney Cure is a sure remedy for Bright's disease, diabetes and gravel. Rider & Snyder.

NEW ELECTRIC LINE.

Branch Will be Built from Dalton to Massillon

COLUMBUS, June 8.—The Cleveland, Wadsworth & Southern Electric Railway Company, with its principal office at Cleveland, has been incorporated with $10,000 capital stock by George D. Hile, C. S. Horner, E. A. Akers, F. G. Anthony and William H. Hill to operate between Cleveland and West Lebanon, with branch lines from Granger township, Medina county, to Akron, and from Dalton, Wayne county, to Massillon.

THE NEWS BY WIRE

Mrs. McKinley is Slightly Improved.

RECOMMEND ARBITRATION

Graves of Confederate Dead at Camp Chase Decorated—Austria Refuses to Mediate Between Boers and Great Britain—New Electric Line Will Enter Massillon.

WASHINGTON, June 8.—[By Associated Press]—About 10:30 last night, as he left the White House, Dr. Rixey made the following statement concerning Mrs. McKinley's condition: "Mrs. McKinley is now resting comfortably. Her condition shows no change as compared with the situation announced in this morning's bulletin. She has not lost any ground, nor, on the other hand, has there been any perceptible improvement. She is just the same as when we saw her this morning."

Dr. Rixey, when asked regarding the result of the microscopic examination of the patient's blood, said he had nothing to say on the subject, and that if anything was given out it would be after a consultation of the three physicians. He said there had been no unfavorable developments during the day. Some apprehension has been felt as to the possible unfavorable effect of the warm weather, but a heavy rain fell on Friday and brought lower temperature, and much satisfaction was expressed at the White House at the temporary relief Mrs. McKinley ordinarily suffers little from the heat of summer at Washington, but the possible effect of it at this time, in view of her low vitality and the necessity for guarding against anything in the nature of a sinking spell or a drain upon her strength, caused some anxiety.

2 p. m.—Mrs. McKinley's physicians issued a bulletin today, saying that her illness has been blood infection from a bone felon. The principal cause for anxiety since her arrival in Washington has been acute inflammation of the lining membrane of the heart, involving the mitral valve, a result of the same blood infection. This does not appear to be progressive, and there has been an improvement in her general condition. Mrs. McKinley's case at the present time presents a more cheerful aspect.

ARBITRATION RECOMMENDED

Foreign Ministers Unable to Solve Indemnity Problem.

WASHINGTON, June 8.—[By Associated Press]—The United States government has again appealed to the powers to submit the present issues at Pekin concerning the indemnity propositions to the arbitration of the Hague tribunal. It is believed the ministers at Pekin have become involved beyond extrication, except by this proposition.

MEMORIAL SERVICES.

Graves of Confederate Dead at Camp Chase.

COLUMBUS, June 8.—[By Associated Press]—Memorial exercises were held over the graves of the Confederate dead in Camp Chase today. School children sang, and addresses were made by the Rev. John R. Hewett, Emmet Tompkins, General Chas. H. Grosvenor, and by ex-Confederates James Arnold and the Rev. Howard Henderson, of Cincinnati.

ROBBED A SAFE.

Telegraph Operator Was Bound and Gagged.

SPARTA, Ill, June 8.—[By Associated Press]—The Mobile & Ohio depot here was robbed by two masked men, who bound and gagged the night operator and locked him in a box car. The safe was blown open and three hundred dollars secured.

"A few months ago, food which I ate for breakfast would not remain on my stomach for half an hour. I used one bottle of your Kodol Dyspepsia Cure and can now eat my breakfast and other meals with a relish and my food is thoroughly digested. Nothing equals Kodol Dyspepsia Cure for stomach troubles." H. S. Pitts, Arlington, Tex. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat. C. W. Cupples, 139 West Tremont street; Rider & Snyder, 12 East Main street.

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TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION LABEL MASSILLON, NO. 208

MONDAY, JUNE 10, 1901.

Census bulletin No. 64, which has just been issued, gives the corrected figures representing the population of the United States. The items are:

45 states	74,607,225
7 territories	1,604,943
Persons in the military and naval service, including civilian employes, etc., stationed abroad	91,219
Total	76,303,387

This total does not include the Philippines, nor the islands of Guam and Tutuila. The seven territories are New Mexico, Arizona, Indian, Oklahoma, Alaska, Hawaii and Puerto Rico. The census of the latter taken by the war department, gave a total of 953,243.

An attempt to revive hazing at the naval academy at Annapolis in even its mildest form, has been nipped in the bud by the rigorous measures on the part of the navy department and the academy authorities. Calvin Joy Cressy, of California, a member of the fourth class, has been dismissed from the academy by order of the acting secretary of the navy on conviction of the charge of hazing. Action on his case was one of the quickest on record. He was tried on Monday, papers on the case were submitted to the navy department on Tuesday and on Thursday the sentence of the court martial was approved. A few more such prompt dismissals and hazing will be a lost art in the schools conducted by the government.

Nothing plainer in the way of good English has ever been written than Governor Nash's declaration that he knows of no reason why he should not be a candidate for re-election. The Republicans of Ohio know of no reason either and the result of this singleness of opinion will be that Ohio's present chief executive will serve another term. There is nothing in the pretended expectation in Democratic circle that opposition will develop because of the failure of the Cincinnati prize fight and the Toledo centennial. The majority of citizens are proud of the fact that their governor had the courage of his convictions in maintaining the dignity of the state and enforcing its law. Governor Nash has given Ohio a model administration. He will be renominated and elected by a greater majority than before.

The Medical Press and Circular has traced the phychology of profanity to a basic foundation of obsolete religious utterances, the assumption being that the swear words of today are the fossil remains of the ejaculatory prayers of the prehistoric period. Profane objurgations, it says, "are instructive or imitative relics of the habit of our wild ancestors of simulating the cries of ferocious animals and of uttering sounds calculated by their harshness or their volume to inspire terror." Afterwards men sought to inspire fear by borrowing the anathemas of the church for their own private uses. The medical authority says: "The angry primitive man tried to shock his enemy by calling on thunder and gods, and the angry modern man consigns him in tones of awful wrath to eternal punishment." It is to be hoped, however, that in spite of the pious parentage of profanity, no man who uses wicked cuss words indiscriminately will labor under the delusion that he is religiously inclined.

G. W. Ruthers, chief commissary of the department of northern Luzon, in a letter to Commissary General Weston, makes a statement which is rather upsetting to the previously conceived ideas concerning the diet necessary to preserve health in the tropics. Mr. Ruthers says that experience shows that an American soldier in the Philippines needs the full army ration, including the full allowance of fresh beef. Moreover, the health of the Filippinos living on American food, he says, is much better than that of natives living on their own food. A strong argument of those who are opposed to American occupation of the Philippines has always been that our people could not be satisfied with the sort of food which should be eaten in hot climates and that as a consequence indulgence in the hearty eatables to which they are accustomed in the bracing air at home would soon reduce American soldiers and civilians to physical wrecks. This argument is now apparently knocked in the head. Not only are Americans themselves in good health when living on beef stew and vegetables, hard bread and baked beans, but the natives when fed on American food are stronger than the other natives.

THE FOREIGN TRADE BAROMETER.

It is a remarkable fact that while the excess of merchandise exports over imports was only $383,000,000 in the one hundred and seven years, from the beginning of the government down to the year of President McKinley's first inauguration, the excess in the four years since then has been nearly six times as great as it was in all the previous presidencies from the beginning of Washington's days along to the end of Cleveland's. The St. Louis Globe Democrat, commenting upon the extraordinary results of Republican rule, says:

"More has been done since the close of the war of secession in the way of the development of American industries than was ever accomplished before that time. The Whig party of 1834-54 passed some protective tariff acts, but the real expansion in manufacturing has taken place since the foundation of the Republican party, although opposition to slavery extension and not the tariff was the Republican party's chief concern in its early days. With the development of manufacturing at home the country's purchases abroad began to diminish relatively to its sales, and the adverse trade balances, which had been the rule until a third of a century ago, gave way to balances in favor of this country. In the calendar year 1900 the favorable balance was the largest $649,000,000, of any year in the country's history. The extent of America's commercial conquest in the rest of the world in the past four years, which has made the favorable balance in that time $2,150,000,000, is one of the marvels of the age."

TARIFF BENEFICIARIES.

Congressman Tayler's assertion before the industrial commission that protection has secured great benefits for the American workingman is well founded, but it is only part of the truth. Mr. Tayler might have gone still further and declared that the tariff extends directly over more than two-thirds of our industries and that indirectly it affects every man, woman and child in the country. In its last issue, the official organ of the Protective Tariff League gives a list of tariff beneficiaries which completely refutes one of the stock arguments of the free trader to the effect that only a small percentage of the American people are benefitted by protection.

According to this list the drayman who hauls the product to the freight car or vessel, the crew of the train or ship, the longshoreman, and afterward the merchant and his clerks are beneficiaries of the tariff as much as the workman in the mill. The bank clerk who handles and keeps account of the laborers' savings is a beneficiary as much as the laborer himself. The carpenter, the mason, the painter, the plumber, are all beneficiaries as much as the workingman for whom they are building a house. It is perhaps the workingman's savings from which they are paid their wages. Follow a laborer's penny, or nickel, or dime, or quarter, or dollar. Who gets it? The butcher, the baker, the drygoods merchant, the tailor, the shoemaker, the hatter, the newsman, the church plate, the confectioner, the florist, the toy dealer, the car conductor, the tax collector, the oil dealer, the gas company, the coal dealer, the milliner, the milkman, the ice man, the grocer, the postoffice, the stationer, the furniture dealer, the lawyer, the minister, the doctor and the undertaker.

In a few hours after the "Protected laborer" receives his weekly envelope nine-tenths of its contents are scattered in one hundred different channels. The more there is in that envelope the more do the tradesmen get; the less there is in that envelope the less the tradesmen get. The whole community is as much a beneficiary of the tariff that gives high wages as are the unseen seed and roots in the ground benefited by the nourishing rain that percolates through the grass and soil.

VARICOCELE

No matter how serious your case may be or how long you may have had it, our NEW METHOD TREATMENT will cure it. The "wormy veins" return to their normal condition and hence the sexual organs receive proper nourishment. The organs become vitalized and manly powers return. No temporary benefit, but a permanent cure assured. NO CURE, NO PAY. NO OPERATION NECESSARY. NO DETENTION FROM BUSINESS.

STRICTURE

Thousands of young and middle-aged men are troubled with this disease—many unconsciously. They may have a smarting sensation, sharp, cutting pains at times, weak organs, and all the symptoms of nervous debility — they have STRICTURE. Don't let doctors experiment on you by cutting, stretching or tearing you. It will not cure you, as it will return. Our NEW METHOD TREATMENT absorbs the stricture tissue, hence removes the stricture permanently. It can never return. No pain, no suffering, no detention from business by our method. The sexual organs are strengthened, the nerves are invigorated, and the bliss of manhood returns.

Cures Guaranteed

We treat and cure BLOOD POISON, NERVOUS DEBILITY, IMPOTENCY, STRICTURE, VARICOCELE, SEMINAL LOSSES, BLADDER and KIDNEY DISEASES. CONSULTATION FREE. BOOKS FREE. CHARGES MODERATE. If unable to call, write for a QUESTION BLANK for HOME Treatment.

DRS.
KENNEDY & KERGAN
247 Superior St. Cleveland, O.

We note that the robin is a good deal of a ventriloquist, his song when one is close to him seeming to be far off.

The west furnished no less than $6,900,000 worth of horses and mules for the prosecution of the late Boer war.

A pair of sparrows will build a nest and have an egg in it inside of 24 hours from the time that the site for the nest is selected.

We know of a man who lives in Dakota who is trying to raise his fourth crop of wheat on the same field without plowing it.

The heated term during the first week of May throughout the northwest put the foliage on the trees a long way ahead of the corn planters in the field.

If the grafted top of a young tree seems to be outgrowing the mother trunk, draw a sharp knife down the trunk, splitting the bark any time in late May or June.

We had a specimen of the famous Lawson carnation a few days since. It was almost twice the size of any carnation which we have ever before seen, almost as much like a peony as a pink.

For southern Minnesota and northern Iowa and kindred latitudes in other western states the Scotch pine will be found to be one of the very best trees for use in planting an evergreen windbreak.

It never pays to keep a dairy cow which is a natural born kicker. No return which may be obtained from such a cow is any compensation for the provocation incurred to break the commandment.

A good, stout hitching post with a chain and snap attached is a convenience which every distant caller at your home will appreciate. It removes every excuse for hitching horses to your shade trees.

We have a friend who always wipes off and oils his hoe blade when he is through using it. It is of no use to ask him to lend that hoe, because he would refuse even his best friend; then he has not any boys either.

The desire to own a farm is common to both the native American and the foreigner, but while the former is ready to sell as soon as he gets an offer the latter will hold on to his land for the purpose of making a home.

The asparagus bed is now generously rewarding the man who had enterprise enough to set it out and will furnish a daily dish of most delicious and healthful green food up to the time when the first peas are fit to pick.

Complaint is made that some of the graveled highways caved in, so to speak, during the prolonged wet weather of the late spring. The truth is that under such weather conditions nothing short of macadam or paving is mudproof.

One of our most successful rose growers gets the soil in which to grow them from a brickyard — clay taken from a depth of eight feet under the surface of the ground. This he fertilizes with cow manure, and his roses are well nigh perfect.

Our German friends have got on to a new method of making brick by combining 94 parts of sand and 6 parts of lime and subjecting the bricks molded therefrom to a steam pressure of 160 pounds, giving a product as hard and indestructible as any stone.

A very few years ago we saw a farmer sell 50 bushels of oats for $2.50. Last week we noted an advertisement where a farmer had lost a check for $1,000 and $300 in cash from his pocket while going from the field to his home. Times have changed.

A short hay crop has no longer any terrors for the man who lives in the corn belt, for he knows that he is growing his forage crop when he is cultivating his corn crop. From this on the hay and the corn crop will be raised in the same field and on the same land.

The most active thing in search of food which we ever saw was a nuthatch exploring the bark of a tree for bugs. The eye could hardly follow its motions, so rapid were they. It seemed as though it could make a thorough search of a good sized tree in less than three minutes.

A lady reader of these notes writes that she has found an effective remedy for the plantains and dandelions which infest so many lawns by cutting the plant off below the ground and dropping a pinch of salt on the root. A few drops of gasoline will also effect the same result.

So long as it is by all means best to let the poultry of the farm have the run of the farm homestead, it becomes indispensable that the garden patch should be fenced in with a chicken tight fence. For your own sake do not compete with a lot of old hens in trying to have a good garden.

We are wont to think of Iceland as a country of fishermen, glaciers and Eskimos, and it is of interest to note that a short time ago there were in that far north country 23,109 head of cattle, 754,115 head of sheep and 42,470 ponies. The only farm crop produced was hay—170,000 tons.

The most vigilant and painstaking care is absolutely necessary if one would always have bright and well polished tools with which to work the soil. The polished tool not only does better work, but is so much easier to operate that one is well repaid for all trouble expended in this line.

The tendency of a graft is to grow much faster than were the shoot a part of the original tree. This is doubtless caused by the cutting back of the tree in order to permit of the grafting to be done. Such free growing grafts need watching and pinching back; otherwise they are liable to be broken off by the wind.

The township road district plan is meeting with much favor wherever tried. It puts the highway administration of the township under the control of one supervisor, and more and better work is done. The change to this system is the one sensible and practical improvement which is within the reach of all communities.

If the old sow does her part and raises you ten good pigs this spring and you do your part in properly caring for them till Christmas, you will realize a hundred dollars in money out of her, besides a litter of fall pigs, if you want them. The old sow thus beats any other money maker on the farm as things now are.

We are top grafting 50 apple trees this spring, 2-year-old Duchess, as an experiment. We are using scions of less hardy varieties—varieties which are not hardy with us root grafted or upon their own roots. From what we have noted during the past 20 years we are led to believe that we shall meet with a fair measure of success in the experiment.

The best time of the year for the cow to freshen is from the middle of September to the middle of October. The average cow is well fed and cared for during the fall and winter and may be more cheaply fed than during the summer months. Her product also brings better prices, and her calf goes on to grass the next spring a strong and lusty animal.

We have laid out one flower bed as follows: The bed is circular. In the center is a Golden Glow, which will grow to the height of five or six feet. Surrounding this is a row of Dwarf Cannas; outside these a row of coleus, or foliage plants; then a circle of geraniums. It is a new plan, but we think that the bed will make a pretty appearance in August.

We are inclined to think that the best way in which to protect tender plants and vines from the rigors of our northern winters is to lay them down and cover with a V shaped trough made of inch boards, then covering the trough with coarse manure or earth. We find stuff so protected during the past winter to be in the finest possible condition this spring.

A Nebraska friend wants us to tell him where he can get some balm of Gilead trees. We do not believe that he wants them. This tree is just as dirty as the cottonwood in the matter of distributing its seed and never makes as handsome a tree. Why plant this worthless sort of timber, anyway? Why not plant white ash, catalpa, black walnut, maple or elm?

The seemingly small difference between 10 below zero in the winter season and 30 below as a maximum degree of cold means more to the man who raises fruit than many people think. A large number of our very choicest varieties of fruit will endure the 10 below zero temperature without harm, but utterly fail when exposed to the 30 degrees below.

Have you had a talk with your neighbor about that farm telephone? If not, have one. A little co-operative work will easily secure for you one of the greatest conveniences of the day. Then the phone pays its way. When you have stuff to sell, it is worth something in money to know just how the markets are in the two or three different market towns to which you have access.

We have tried the experiment of moving a water elm tree six inches in diameter this spring. It is trimmed down to a bare trunk 12 feet high and wrapped with newspapers to check the evaporation. Will it live? Well, that remains to be seen. It will be well watered and we expect to see it grow. We have frequently moved them four inches in diameter and rarely failed to make them grow.

The agricultural department last year imported 450 new varieties of seeds, plants and trees. Of course not all, perhaps not many, may prove to be of value in this country, but it will be strange if some do not. There is such an infinite variety of climatic and thermal conditions in United States territory that some place may be found where the products of almost all other countries may be successfully grown.

A SHEEP STORY.

We are asked as to the relative profits to be made in raising sheep as compared with hogs, horses or cattle. There are so many conditions associated with such a question that it is not easy to frame an answer. There are the difference in men, the difference in farms and many other things. This may be said, however: The sheep is the cleanest animal on the farm. It is also as a general thing the healthiest. It produces two crops in a season—one of meat and one of wool. It is the best and most effective farm fertilizer we have. It is an omnivorous feeder and a most practical weed destroyer. It is the nicest animal to care for and the most easily cared for of any kind of farm animal. If to the foregoing be added the fact that a pound of mutton can be produced just as cheaply and a little more so than a pound of beef or pork and that it will one year with another bring just as good a price in the market, we think a pretty good argument has been made for the keeping of sheep. Perhaps, taking a series of ten years, the rate of dividend received on capital invested in any of these varieties of live stock would not vary very much, but we believe that such dividend may be secured by the owner of such stock with less fret and worry and with more ease from sheep than from either of the others.

HOW CAME IT?

We are asked how it came that the beautiful and iridescent colors of the rainbow ever got mixed up in so low a form of organism as a clam shell, whose fate is to be buried in the mud at the bottom of some stream. Tell us why a tiny violet hidden under its leafage will fill a whole room with its delightful fragrance; why a plebeian born woodchopper could hew his way from the primeval forest to the place of America's greatest man; why a Poe from out of the filth of the gutter could give to the world poems which will only perish with it; why a Millet, starving and unappreciated, could paint an "Angelus;" why the simple story of Uncle Tom could shape the destiny of a great nation. The rainbow colors are heaven's own tints, whether they span the angry background of the retreating stormcloud, lie buried in a shell at the bottom of a mud swamp, break forth in song, story or life of earth's lowly ones or become radiant and luminous in the polished diamond. The Creator touched all his handiwork with some of this pristine color, and let us be thankful that neither the mud of the stream nor the filth of the gutter, neither poverty nor environment, misfortune nor disaster, can obliterate or destroy it.

A friend of ours has recently bought an 80 acre tract of brush land out of which to make a farm. It is covered thickly with a growth of jack and bur oak grub timber, with plenty of hazel brush thrown in. He plans to clear this land by taking the grubs out with a machine, and he has a good many years' hard work laid out ahead. We would go at this job in a different way. We would get 50 Angora goats—a hundred would be better—and turn them loose on this tract. As they would only eat bark and leaves and would not touch the grass, other stock might be also turned in. By cutting off at the ground the larger trees it would not take many years to clean up the whole tract at a minimum of labor and cost.

Some writer commends the fact of the large barn and the small house as an evidence of agricultural wisdom and thrift. We take exception to this. No man has a right to take better care of his stock than he does of his family, and still we often find men doing this very thing. The man's home, his wife and children, are the most valuable possessions he has and should always have his first care and attention. We know of more than one poor woman who, did she but possess a cash value equal to that of a good cow in the big barn, would at least get as good treatment as the cow, but as it is she does not.

Four weeks of alternating rains and snows as the frost was going out of the ground resulted this spring in a condition of the highways which could not well be worse. An embargo was placed upon travel, rural mail delivery interfered with and a famine of wood, hay and other bulky farm products brought about in hundreds of towns and cities. The condition of the roads was such that nothing short of an expensive system of paving or macadamizing would have made them fit for use. As a result there is the usual clamor for improved highways.

The devotion to the dairy business of a country community we know of in the west in 20 years lifted the people up from debt and bankruptcy to a position financially where the deposits in the banks of the little town today aggregate $1,380,000, or an average of $627.25 for each inhabitant of the place. It is a most permanent type of prosperity, too, for old bossy has made each farm richer in fertility and more productive than it was 20 years ago.

While the limited advantages connected with the average country school are very often deplored, it should not be forgotten that the child in the country has a hundred opportunities for acquiring a knowledge of useful and practical things almost wholly denied to the child of the city. Not all lessons are to be had from the textbooks. Country life offers nature as a teacher, with object lessons upon every hand.

A CHEAP COTTAGE.

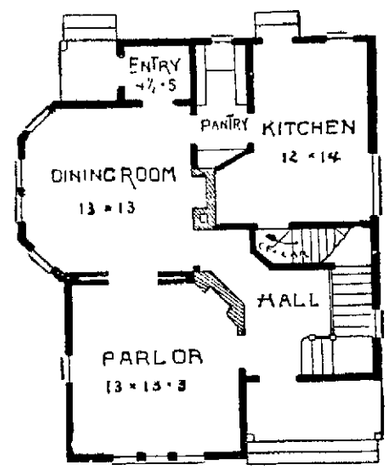
Well Proportioned and Attractive Residence Costing $900.

Below will be seen perspective and floor plans of a cheap cottage with a pleasant appearance and arrangement of rooms that is very economical and for a house of the low cost an amount of available floor space that is almost astonishing. It is easily to be seen that the workingman, who cannot afford so pretentious a dwelling as his moneyed neighbor, can at least have a pleasant home in every meaning of the word. A house may be simple enough

PERSPECTIVE VIEW.

to be cheap, yet, with the parts well proportioned, altogether an attractive feature of the surrounding landscape. Constructionally this house ranks among the more costly, the materials being of good quality throughout, experience having proved that good, substantial materials and work are less expensive in the end than flashy, perishable ornaments.

The plan has six good rooms, besides vestibule, pantry and numerous closets. An admirable feature is the stairway. Doors open into it from the parlor and kitchen, thus making it available from both front and rear. A cellar is provided under the kitchen and dining room and reached from the kitchen by stairs under the main flight. The construction is shown in the following abstract of the specifications: The height of the cellar is 6 feet 6 inches; first story, 9 feet; second story, 8 feet, all in the clear. The cellar

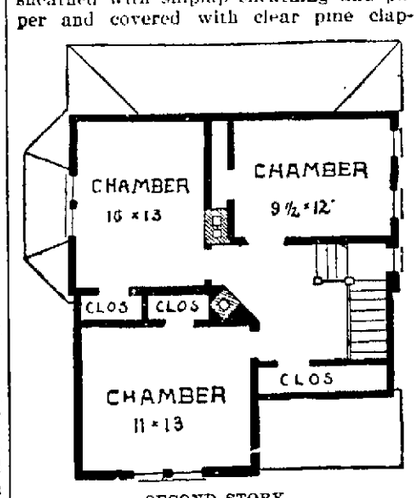


FIRST STORY.

is excavated to a depth of 4 feet and the loose earth used to grade around the house at completion, leaving 15 inches of the wall exposed to view on the outside. The foundation is of good hard burned brick, laid in lime mortar, 13 inches thick for cellar wall and 9 inches for foundation walls. The chimney is of hard brick and mortar, laid with close joints and thimbles where required.

The interior side walls of the two stories are hard finished on two coats of best brown mortar and seasoned lath. The frame is of sound timber, properly framed, raised and secured. The studding joists and rafters are spaced 16 inches from centers. The joists are well bridged. All window frames have seven-eighths inch stiles and timber sills of clear pine. The sashes are 1⅜ inches thick, glazed as indicated on elevations and hung to balance weights with good cord.

The outside of the upright frame is sheathed with shiplap sheathing and paper and covered with clear pine clap-



SECOND STORY.

boards, showing four-fifths their width to the weather. The porches are constructed of clear pine, with ceilings of narrow beaded stuff and turned columns and spindles. The roofs are of cypress shingles laid on No. 2 fencing sheathing. The ridges are saddled with pine boards. Hanging gutters of tin are provided for all eaves and 3 inch conductors to convey roof water to ground.

The porch floor is of narrow tongued and grooved pine, inside floors of 1 by 6 tongued and grooved pine, all carefully laid and thoroughly nailed at each bearing. The closets are shelved and hooked in the usual manner. The doors are of seasoned pine, paneled and molded; inside 1⅜, outside 1¾ inches thick; all doors hung with suitable butts and mortise locks; sash fastenings to all windows. All outside work usually painted has three coats of paint; inside filled and hard oiled yellow pine on first floor and painted on second floor. The house was built after this plan complete at Carthage, Ills., for $900 and could be duplicated in most places at same figure.

A Boon For Builders.

Patent rights have recently been granted George A. Turnbull, a Chicago inventor, on a device for rolling expanded metal, which, it is asserted, will revolutionize an important feature of building construction. This metal is used as a substitute for lathing on the walls of buildings. It has been found that the plaster will stick to this more firmly than to wood, and an absolutely fireproof wall is the result. Even in buildings of most recent construction laths are often used, but it is said the invention of Mr. Turnbull makes the metal practical for the cheapest construction attempted either in the big steel skyscraper or the small frame cottage. The new device, it is claimed, will greatly increase the output of expanded metal.

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MANY NEW RAILWAYS.

Promoters Gather In The Pennsylvania Capital City,

TO APPLY FOR CHARTERS,

Under New Laws, After Governor Approves—Five Planned For Philadelphia—Pittsburgers Reached City. Quay and Others Visited Governor.

Harrisburg, June 8.—There will probably be a rush to take out charters at the state department for street railways in Philadelphia and Pittsburg after Governor Stone has signed the Emery and Focht rapid transit bills. The governor went over the bills carefully and took them with him to the executive mansion. Twenty-five other bills are awaiting executive action, and it is thought he will wait until Monday to approve the rapid transit legislation.

The state department will receive no applications for charters under these bills until after they have been approved. It was reported here last night that a party of Philadelphia capitalists, headed by Congressman Foederer, will make application today for charters for five new street railway companies to operate in that city. Even if the bills are signed and the applications filed today the charters would hardly issue before Monday, for the reason that under the rules of the department no charters are issued on Saturday.

Street railway promoters were here last night from Philadelphia, Pittsburg, Reading, Scranton, Pottstown, Johnstown and other large cities, prepared to take out charters as soon as the bills are approved. United States Senator Quay reached here early last evening from Washington and was staying with Governor Stone. Attorney General Elkin and Insurance Commissioner Durham were also guests of the governor.

United States Senator Penrose, Congressman Robert Foederer, Clarence Wolf and James P. McNichol, of Philadelphia, arrived here and joined the party at the executive mansion. With them was Thomas S. Bigelow, a Pittsburg capitalist and ex-street railway magnate.

George T. Oliver, of Pittsburg, reached here from that city soon after the arrival of the party from Philadelphia to attend the conferences at the governor's home.

Mr. Foederer said that the statement which he issued yesterday in Philadelphia was correct and that he had nothing to add. The congressman said in his statement that application will be filed today by himself, Mr. Wolf and others for charters for five new rapid transit companies in Philadelphia. The total mileage of streets which the five companies will cover aggregates 120 miles and the capitalization will be $100,000 a mile.

W. L. Berryman, W. K. McMullin and C. F. Thompson, Pittsburg capitalists, were here for the purpose, it was believed, of taking out a charter for an underground railway in the Smoky City. Ex-Judge Sadler, of Carlisle, who promoted trolley lines at Wilkesbarre, Greensburg and other localities in Pennsylvania, had been in Harrisburg for several days, and it was thought he will take out charters to build a road in the Cumberland valley.

Mr. Oliver traveled from Pittsburg in the private car "Hungary" of Vice President Charles E. Pugh, of the Pennsylvania railroad. With him were his brother, Henry W. Oliver; ex-Lieutenant Governor Walter Lyon, Charles N. McKee and Richard R. Quay, of Pittsburg. They were to go from here to Donegal, Lancaster county, today, to be the guests of ex-United States Senator Cameron.

CHANGES ON THE PENNSY.

Many Officials Get New Positions as the Result of L. F. Loree's Election.

Philadelphia, June 8.—A meeting of the board of directors of the Pennsylvania company was held in this city to make the appointments to vacancies caused by the election of L. F. Loree as president of the Baltimore and Ohio.

J. J. Turner, general manager of the Vandalia lines, who at the annual meeting of the company this week was elected director, was made fourth vice president to succeed L. F. Loree. George L. Peck, general superintendent of the Panhandle, as was expected, was made general manager to succeed George L. Potter, who went with Mr. Loree to the Baltimore and Ohio. Ralph Peters, who for a number of years has been general agent and superintendent at Cincinnati, will take the position made vacant by the promotion of Mr. Peck. He will be succeeded as superintendent of the Cincinnati division by James A. McCrea, engineer of maintenace of way on the eastern division of the Fort Wayne.

Thomas B. Hamilton, engineer of maintenance of way on the E. & A. division, was appointed superintendent of the division, L. G. Haas, the former superintendent, having been made assistant to the general manager of the Baltimore and Ohio.

These were all the changes announced at the meeting, but it is understood that a number of others will be made as soon as the officials assume the duties of their new offices.

Forbade Production of a Play.

London, June 8.—The English censor of plays has forbidden the production of "The First Visit," an English version of the younger Dumas' "Une Visite de Noces," in which the American actress, Beverley Sitgreaves, was to have played the leading role, beginning at the Garrick theater on Wednesday next.

LABOR STATUS UNSETTLED.

Constitutes a Reason For Hesitation In Some Industries—Some Features of Dun's Review.

New York, June 8.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade was expected to say in part today:

The labor situation in many parts of the country is still seriously unsettled, and constitutes a reason for hesitation in some industries, discouraging new operations which satisfactory conditions would otherwise stimulate. But quick decision is to be expected in some of these labor controversies, and in the meantime trade is encouraged by reports of a satisfactory condition of winter wheat over a large portion of the country. As for spring wheat the crop was put in under very favorable conditions and there have been few unsatisfactory reports. Railroad earnings for May, 9.6 per cent in excess of 1900 and 23.2 per cent over 1899, reflect a continued activity in the country, while at New York bank clearings gain for the week 36.8 per cent over 1900 and 59.1 per cent over 1899, with gains at the leading cities outside New York of 27.1 per cent over 1900 and 27.5 per cent over 1899.

The cessation of manipulation in corn contributed to a decline of 2.1 per cent in breadstuffs.

Labor controversies have become the factor of greatest importance in the leading manufacturing industry. Counting, perhaps, upon the urgency of orders and heavy losses which would be sustained by employers in case of suspension, the machinists made what were considered unreasonable demands by employers at many points, who have taken a determined stand and announced that the strikers' places will be filled by non-union men on Monday if they fail to resume work. More quiet conditions in the market and few new contracts make this action possible. As a rule, manufacturers have not sought business beyond July 1, and it looks as though they had been preparing for the conflict. Pig iron is extremely dull, not a sale of Bessemer being reported during the week at Pittsburg and quotations are nominal. Large contracts for rails sustain billets, and finished steel deliveries continue heavy. Shipments of farm machinery attract much attention, while bridge building, new vessels and track elevation prevent dullness in structural material.

Efforts to secure advances in grain by exaggerated reports of damage to the growing crops have given place to more rational statements, and the outlook is generally conceded to be full of promise. Speculative operations for a decline, however, are far from aggressive, the severe losses of the short interest thus far this season making traders extremely cautious. A slight flurry in July wheat at Chicago caused hasty covering, and a sharp advance, which was of short duration, as moderate profits were quickly taken. Abundant production in the United States does not necessarily mean weak prices, for European crops are falling below expectations and foreign purchases continue heavy. Atlantic exports for the week, flour included, amounted to 4,520,144 bushels, against 2,855,261 last year and 1,849,373 two years ago. Pacific exports also show good gains, reaching 854,515 bushels, against 591,015 a year ago and 623,400 in 1899. Including exports at Duluth and Portland, Me., the total outward movement for the week, exclusive of Canadian ports, was 5,646,597 bushels, against 3,838,364 last year and 2,748,467 in the same week of 1899.

FEW POINTS OF ACTIVITY.

Majority of Stocks Dull and Sluggish on Friday.

New York, June 8.—In Friday's stock market there were only a few points of activity and strength and the majority of stocks were dull and sluggish, moving irregularly up and down under the varying operations of the room traders. There were some large transactions by the brokers who have been credited with acting for various financial traders, but they were so mixed on the long and the short side as to add to the speculative confusion. Louisville was notably strong and the buying was accompanied by talk of an increase in the dividend rate, which was, however, deprecated by insiders. Missouri Pacific and the Southwesterns moved upward, excepting the Wabashes, which were affected by realizing. The story recurred that Missouri Pacific is to be placed on a 5 per cent dividend basis later in the month by the declaration of a lump dividend and that valuable rights in addition are to be declared. The movement in Baltimore and Ohio seemed to be based on reports of the conference between Pennsylvania and Reading officials, presumably to arrange measures for the benefit of Baltimore and Ohio. The New York public utilities were generally affected by hopes of relief from the franchise tax, and in addition Brooklyn Transit put out a report of good net earnings for April. The Tobacco stocks were subjects of active speculation on the organization of the Consolidated company. The stocks were feverish, receding early on realizing, but rallying on published assertions of a formation of an underwriting syndicate for the new company, which would tie up half of the proposed debenture bonds and keep them off the market. The Continental stocks showed net gains of about a point, American Tobacco 2⅝, American Snuff 8¼ and the preferred 2⅞.

The bond market was quiet and irregular. Total sales, par value, $2,685,000.

United States bonds were all unchanged on the last call.

Lawson's Yacht Proposition Declined.

New York, June 8.—Thomas W. Lawson's yacht, the Independence, will not be allowed to compete in the trial races preliminary to the races for the America's cup unless she shall be chartered by some member of the New York Yacht club, who will enter her for such events as she may be qualified to take part in. Lawson's proposition to charter the Independence to a number of New York Yacht club gentlemen who comprise the challenge committee was declined.

SCHWAB'S PURCHASE.

Steel Magnate Has Bought The Bethlehem Steel Company.

REFUSED $2,000,000 PROFIT.

Vickers Sons & Maxim Made Him an Offer Which Would Have Netted That Amount, but he Declined. Steel Combine Not In Deal.

Philadelphia, June 8.—The North American was expected to say today:

"It is authoritatively stated that Charles M. Schwab is the real purchaser of the Bethlehem Steel company, and that the United States Steel corporation, of which he is president, has no part in the deal. Mr. Schwab is understood to have bought the property to protect his own interests. The deal was closed Thursday afternoon, when Mr. Schwab, through a representative bought 80,000 shares of Bethlehem from Joseph Wharton and 60,000 shares from Robert P. Linderman. This, with 20,000 shares bought in the open market, gave him 160,000 out of 300,000 shares, into which the capital stock of the Bethlehem Steel company is divided. It was agreed that he should take, on the same terms upon which he got the Wharton and Linderman holdings, the remaining stock.

"It is known that the price paid is $24.50 a share, but that the sellers get something additional in the shape of a dividend to be divided prior to transferring their stock.

"Vickers Sons & Maxim, who allowed the Bethlehem company to slip from their hands because of a difference of 50 cents a share, made an effort on Thursday night to buy it from Mr. Schwab. It is said that their representative went to him at the Waldorf in New York and offered a price which would have netted him a profit of $2,000,000, but which he declined to accept."

NEW STEEL COMBINATION.

Cambria and Conemaugh Companies Are to Be Merged.

Philadelphia, June 8.—President Stackhouse, of the Cambria Steel company, last night issued a statement of the terms on which it is proposed to merge the Cambria company with the Conemaugh, saying in part:

"It is proposed to organize a corporation under the laws of Pennsylvania with an authorized capital of $50,000,000, divided into 1,000,000 shares of the par value of $50 each. Of this capital $5,000,000 will be reserved and not presently issued; $45,000,000 will be presently issued upon the following basis: A contract will be entered into between the Cambria Steel company and a new corporation, which will be known as the Conemaugh Steel company, whereby, in consideration of an assignment and transfer by the Cambria Steel company to the Conemaugh Steel company of its property and assets, including all its rights under its lease with the Cambria Iron company, the Conemaugh Steel company will issue to the Cambria Steel company, in payment for the property thus transferred, $16,000,000 in the full paid shares of the Conemaugh Steel company, and $29,000,000 in the shares of said Conemaugh Steel company, $27.50 paid, said last named shares being subject to a further call of $22.50 per share, which will be at once paid under this plan.

"This transfer is subject to a dividend of $1.50 a share."

Continuing, the circular said in part:

"Under a contract with the Cambria, a syndicate, headed by Drexel & Co., will accept any pay for, at $22.50 a share, such part of the 580,000 shares, of the par value of $29,000,000, as may not be taken by stockholders of the company, who are given the right to subscribe for it pro rata."

The business is to be continued under the name of the Cambria Steel company.

CAILLES READY TO MAKE PEACE.

He Has Submitted a Proposition to General MacArthur.

Manila, June 8.—General MacArthur received a document from General Cailles, the Filipino general who proclaimed himself Aguinaldo's successor in command of the insurgent forces, proposing terms of peace. The document was brought here by Senor Daucel, who has been in Laguna province trying to induce Cailles to surrender.

It is reported that General MacArthur will sail for the United States on the transport Sumner in July.

General Chaffee sailed on the Sumner yesterday for the province of Albay ports.

Workmen Will Appeal Their Case.

Dayton, O., June 8.—The defendants in the injunction suit of the Dayton Manufacturing company against the Metal Polishers, Buffers, Platers and Brass Workers' union, have filed notice of their intention to appeal from the decision of Judge Kumler, of the common pleas court. The injunction was made permanent in the common pleas court, and it is now to be taken to the circuit court.

Did Flinn Have to Resign?

Pittsburg, June 8.—Senator William Flinn resigned from the chairmanship of the Republican city committee and the election of Public Safety Director J. O. Brown to succeed him occurred. On the surface this change was voluntarily made. Behind the scenes it was said that there was nothing else for the senator to do; that it was necessary to the preservation of what was left of the city machine.

SHAFFER WAS RE-ELECTED.

Wheeling Chosen For Next Meeting Place of Amalgamated Convention.

Milwaukee, Wis., June 8.—The Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers' convention adjourned sine die last evening, after electing the following officers: President, T. J. Shaffer, Pittsburg; secretary-treasurer, John Williams, Pittsburg; manager of Amalgamated Journal, Ben L. Davis, Pittsburg, trustees, J. H. Morgan, Cambridge, O., Elias Jenkins, Youngstown, O.; John E. Taylor, Pittsburg; national organizer, John Pierce, Pittsburg. The next convention will be held in Wheeling.

The most important work of the convention is considered to be the adoption of the so-called continuous scale plan. It is really not a continuous scale, but a continuation of the present method of annual wage settlement with some amendments. The most important of these is the continuous operation of the mills while the scale is being considered in conference, and the extension of time within which an agreement must be arrived at. There is no provision for the continuance from year to year of such portions of the scale as may be satisfactory to both parties. Neither is there any provision for dating back any increase in wages to an earlier date. No reference is made to compulsory arbitration, but a "conciliator" is provided for.

The detailed plan of annual wage settlement adopted by the convention is as follows:

The annual convention will be held in April, when the whole scale will be revised, as usual. The scale will be given to the manufacturers on May 15. The period for conference negotiation shall expire June 15. If no agreement is reached by that date a conciliator shall be called into the conference. He shall decide contested points, but his decisions shall not be final or binding. If no agreement is reached by July 15, all association mills are to close. The limit of settlement in force now is July 1, at which time, if no agreement is reached, the men walk out. The new plan extends the period of conference from three to eight weeks.

Triumph For Electrical Furnace.

Still another triumph has to be written down to the credit of the electrical furnace. It is now found possible to reduce phosphorus electrolytically in a manner as simple as economical. Phosphate rock is treated under the electric arc and the vapors reduced by suitable cooling means and the resulting phosphorus collected and treated in the customary way.

The Massillon Market.

The following prices are paid by Massillon merchants today:

GRAIN, HAY, STRAW AND WOOL.	
Wheat (old)	73
Hay, per ton	10 00 to 12 00
Straw, per ton	$8 00-9 00
Corn	40-45
Oats	25-28
Clover Seed	5 00
Timothy Seed	1 50-2 00
Rye, per bu	$ 50
Barley	48
Flax seed	1 50
Wool	15-16
FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.	
Potatoes, per bushel	40
New Potatoes	1 50
Beets, per bushel	10
Evaporated apples	07
Cabbage, per pound	1½
White beans	2 00
BUTTER, EGGS AND POULTRY	
Butter	10-16
Eggs (fresh)	10-12
Chickens dressed	11-12
MEATS AND CHEESE.	
Ham	11
Shoulder	08
Lard	09
Sides	06 to 07
Cheese	10-12
The following are retail prices:	
Bran, per 100 lbs	1 00
Middlings per 100 lbs	1 00

TODAY'S MARKETS

Latest Reports From the Centers of Trade.

The following tables show the fluctuations of stock, as reported by T. E. Drake's exchange:

NEW YORK.

	Opening	High.	Low.	Close
Merican Sugar	144⅛	144⅝	148⅝	14 ⅝
American Tobacco	144	144	142¾	142⅝
Atchison (Pfd.)	103¾	103⅞	102½	102½
Con Tobacco	71	71⅛	70	70¼
U. S Steel	50	50⅛	48⅛	48⅜
U. S Steel (pfd)	98⅜	98¾	97¾	98
Wabash	23½	24⅜	23⅛	23⅜
Manhattan	119⅜	119¾	118⅝	118¾
Missouri Pacific	116⅝	117⅛	116¼	117⅛
Louisville & Nashville	110⅜	110⅜	109¼	109⅝

CHICAGO.

	Opening.	High-est.	Low-est	Close
Wheat.				
July	73	73⅞	72⅞	73½
Corn				
July	43¾	44¼	43½	43½
Oats.				
July	27¾	28⅛	27¾	28⅛
Pork				
July	14 70	14 78	14 67	14 67
Lard				
July	8 37	8 48	8 37	8 40

TOLEDO, June 8.—[By Associated Press]—Wheat 73½.

SHERIFF COWED MOB.

SHOT ONE WOULD-BE LYNCHER AND WOUNDED THREE.

Bullet Went Through Brave Officer's Hat — Militia Ordered—Georgia Governor Wired Proclamation.

Carrollton, Ga., June 8.—A mob of 300 white men broke into the jail here in an attempt to secure a negro named Williams. In front of the negro's cell the mob was confronted by Sheriff Merrill, revolver in hand. A fight ensued, in which the sheriff shot and killed Daniel Bennett, of this city.

The mob fired on the sheriff, but he was not hit, although one bullet passed through his hat.

The mob dispersed without getting the negro.

Williams was to have been hanged for the murder of John Word, but the execution was postponed owing to an appeal made.

The leaders of the mob telephoned to Temple and Villa Rica for aid to secure the negro.

Governor Candler wired a proclamation to the people of this county and it was read from the steps of the court house. The governor commanded the people to disperse and said the entire military and civil forces of the state would be used to enforce order. The reading of the proclamation apparently had a good effect and the mob gradually dispersed into small groups. Trouble was expected last night.

The prisoner was taken to Atlanta under escort of troops, which had previously arrived.

Atlanta, Ga., June 8.—Governor Candler ordered one company of militia to Carrollton by special train. It was feared an attempt would be made to lynch Williams last night.

SECOND ROBBER SUICIDED.

Of Desperate Trio, at Toronto, Canada, Also One Died of Officers' Shots.

Toronto, Ont., June 8.—Of the three men, Fred Lee Rice, Thomas Jones and Frank Rutledge, extradited from Chicago to stand trial for the robbery of a bank in Aurora, Ont., Rice is the only living survivor of the trio to serve out the 21 years' imprisonment to which he was sentenced. Two tragedies have put Jones and Rutledge beyond reach of the law. Jones died from bullet wounds received in a desperate attempt to escape from the officers who were transferring the prisoners from the court house to the jail last Tuesday and Rutledge committed suicide by jumping from the gallery in the jail to the stone court, 30 feet below.

The first tragedy which startled the citizens of this city was the daring attempt made by the three prisoners to escape from the constables on Tuesday night. While the carriage containing Rice, Jones and Rutledge and two constables was proceeding from the court house to the jail an accomplice threw three revolvers through the cab window. Securing possession of the revolvers, the three men opened fire upon the constables. County Constable Boyd was shot and killed. The officers returned the fire and Jones was wounded in the groin and arm. He died at the hospital. A street car conductor whose car the burglars attempted to board struck Rutledge over the head with a piece of iron, knocking him senseless. Rice surrendered. Friday Rice and Rutledge were sentenced to 21 years' imprisonment in Kingston penitentiary.

Bishop Nicholson Dead.

Philadelphia, June 8.—Bishop William Rufus Nicholson, of the Reformed Episcopal church in Philadelphia, died at his home in this city.

Makes Fuel of Earth.

E. J. Hoffman of Omaha says he has set the earth afire. Crude petroleum, he says, mixed with common earth (gumbo and sand alone excluded), with the addition of two other ingredients, the nature of which constitutes his secret, will make a fuel that will burn better and with a cleaner fire than pine knots. Seventy-five per cent of this decoction is mother earth. The expense of the other three ingredients is only a trifle. His fuel costs $2.50 a ton.

Drawing the Line.

A good story is told in Missouri at the expense of its once famous governor, Claiborne F. Jackson. Before he solved the enigma of lovelock he had married five sisters in reasonable lapses of consecutiveness. After one wife had been lost and appropriately mourned he espoused another, and he kept his courting within a narrow circle of his own relatives, for he rather liked the family.

The antiquated father of these girls was almost deaf, and when the governor went to this octogenarian to ask for his surviving daughter the following conversation ensued:

"I want Lizzie."

"Eh?"

"I want you to let me have Eliz-a-beth."

"Oh, you want Lizzie, do you? What for?"

"For my wife."

"For life."

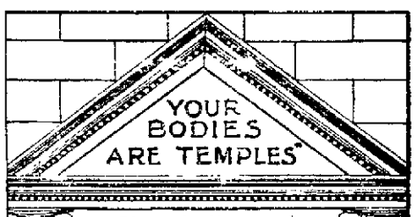
"I want—to—marry—her."

"Oh, yes. Just so. I hear you, boy."

"I'm precious glad you do," muttered the governor.

"Well," slowly responded the veteran, "you needn't halloo so that the whole neighborhood knows it. Yes, you can have her. You've got 'em all now, my lad, but for goodness' sake, if anything happens to that 'ere poor misguided gal, don't come and ask me for the old woman!"

Jackson solemnly promised that he never would.



You believe that statement. But you only realize in part the obligations implied by it. Do you keep that temple of the body clean? If not, the defilement attaches to every service of the temple. Disease of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition, affects the mind as well as the body. The dull mind stupified by poisonous gasses, enters on its service without desire, and accomplishes it without delight. A healthy body and a clear mind result from the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It removes the clogging and poisonous impurities from the stomach, stimulates the flow of the juices necessary to digestion and increases the blood supply in quality and quantity. The "Discovery" is strictly a temperance medicine and contains no alcohol or whisky, neither opium, cocaine, nor other narcotic.

"I had suffered from indigestion and only those who have suffered from it know what it really is," writes Mrs. M. J. Fagan, of 1613 East Genesee Street, Syracuse, N. Y. "I had had severe attacks of headache and dizziness with cold hands and feet; everything I ate distressed me, bowels were constipated and I was growing very thin and nervous. I cannot half express the bad feelings I had when I commenced taking Dr Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. I took nine bottles of the 'Discovery.' I commenced feeling better with the first bottle and kept on improving. Now I am so greatly improved in health my friends often speak of it."

Kodol
Dyspepsia Cure
Digests what you eat.

It artificially digests the food and aids Nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Sick Headache, Gastralgia, Cramps and all other results of imperfect digestion.

Price 50c. and $1. Large size contains 2½ times small size. Book all about dyspepsia mailed free. Prepared by E. C DeWITT & CO., Chicago.

Chas. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont .. Rider & Snyder, 12 East Main St.

Dinner Ware Away Down!

100-piece Decorated Dinner Set, regular price $18.00

NOW $14.39.

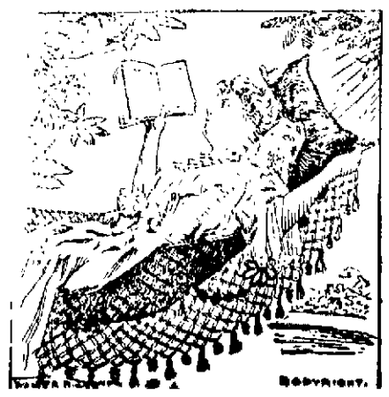
$16.00 Set now $13.39. $15.00 Set now $12.29.
$12.00 Set now $10.38. $10.00 Set now $8.19.
$9.00 Set now $6.89. $8.00 Set now $5.49.

Chamber Sets One-Fourth Off!

All ware guaranteed for 25 years. Above prices good until further notice.

Second Floor, 31 East Main Street.

S. F. WEFLER.



HAMMOCKS

Our stock of Hammocks is complete, comprising all the styles and prices, from 50 cents up.

BAHNEY'S, 20 East Main Street,

Massillon, O.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

Mrs. E. D. Shedd is visiting friends and relatives in Norwalk.

Members of Eureka Encampment, I. O. O. F., are ured to be present at the meeting to be held Tuesday night.

The tax collector will be in the city on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday to collect the taxes for Massillon city, Perry and Tuscarawas townships.

The engagement of Miss Cora Taggart, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. I. N. Taggart, to Dr. Charles H. Clarke, of Washington, has been announced.

Mrs. Carrie J. Brown, of this city, was among the guests at a ball given by Mr. and Mrs Henry M. Weaver and Miss Lahm, of Mansfield, on Friday evening.

William Myers, boilermaker, employed at Russell & Company's works, had a foot severely injured this morning. A heavy piece of iron fell upon it.

Frank Grosjean has taken out a building permit to erect in South East street a frame dwelling of six rooms, 30x31 feet, the cost of which will be about $1,400.

A party of young people surprised Miss Edna Byers, at the home of her parents, west of the city, Wednesday evening. They were pleasantly entertained.

The building committee of the board of education has purchased a lot fronting on Walnut street, of J. W. McClymonds, for $2,500. On this the West Side school house will be built.

The Eighth regiment, O. N. G., will hold its encampment at Bay View park, near Toledo, July 15-20. After the encampment the regiment will be taken to the Pan-American exposition at Buffalo.

The Young Men's Social Club will give an ice cream festival on the lawn at the residence of John Hall, in Duncan street, for the benefit of Faith Lutheran chapel, on Wednesday evening, June 12.

Attorney J. A. McLaughlin was Saturday morning appointed trustee in the bankruptcy proceedings of J. M. Clark, commission merchant. The appointment was made at a meeting of the creditors in Canton.

The Wooster Baptist Association will be held in the Massillon Baptist church on June 25, 26 and 27. One hundred and fifty delegates will be in attendance. The Rev. Dr. Allen, of Canton, will preach a sermon during the session.

Monroe Ackerman, who recently shot and killed a colored man near Kalamazoo, Mich., has been sentenced to state's prison for life. Ackerman is 19 years old and formerly lived south of Massillon. He is a nephew of John Drummond, of Forest avenue.

The Colonial Salt Company, of Akron, which is building a large plant to compete with the National Salt Company, will double the size of the plant originally projected, and on Friday let contracts for additional buildings, one to be 200x480 feet and eight stories high. This is for the manufacture of bags and barrels.

The twenty-first annual convention of the ex-Prisoners of War Association of Ohio will be held in Marysville on June 19 and 20. About 1,000 members of the association will be present, and among the prominent speakers will be Governor Nash and Colonel E. F. Taggert, of Akron, state commander of the Grand Army.

At a meeting of Ensign Bagley Council No. 123 held Wednesday evening, the following officers were elected. C., F. G. Harrison; V. C., Wm. Angstadt, R. Sec'y., Wm. Griffith; A. R. Sec'y., Don. Marsh; Con. Thos. Moorhead; Warden, Wm. Davis; Fin. Sec'y., Clarence Howald; I. Sentinel; W. Genet; O. Sentinel, H. Ackeret; Trustees, J. E. Johns and S. D. Adams.

Between 160 and 170 employes of the Gilliam bicycle works at Canton went on a strike at noon on Wednesday, asking for an increase in wages of 10 per cent. The strikers held a meeting Wednesday afternoon and appointed a committee to confer with the officials of the company. The committee was to report at a meeting of the strikers Thursday afternoon.

The strawberry show of the Stark County Horticultural Society will be held on Wednesday, June 19, at Nimisila park, Canton. All conveniences for the usual picnic dinner and boxes for feeding horses will be provided. Strawberries and ice cream for sale on the grounds. Bring your baskets and spend the day with us, whether you are members or not. Bring your exhibits. Business meeting after dinner. Margaret Rockhill, secretary.

The Canton-Akron Electric Railway Company is losing no time in making preparations for the extension of its lines from Canton to New Philadelphia and Canal Dover. The petition asking for a franchise was presented to the council at New Philadelphia at its meeting Whdnesday evening and at Canal Dover Monday evening. This is the preliminary step in securing the franchise. The consents of property owners along the line have been secured and will be filed duly. The ordinance will then be prepared and presented. It is said that there will be no difficulty experienced in getting the required franchises, as the councilmen and citizens of the two places are anxious for the road.

Ex-Senator J. Park Alexander, of Akron, has announced his candidacy for state senator from the joint Twenty-fourth and Twenty-sixth district, in opposition to George W. Sieber, who defeated him for the nomination two years ago. Alexander, it is claimed, has the support of the Hanna Republicans, who were unable to make good their agreement to take care of him when he was defeated for lieutenant governor by the George B. Cox crowd in the state convention two years ago. The Anti-Saloon League is also behind Alexander, and the hottest contest of recent years is anticipated in the senatorial convention.

C. A. Rudy returned last night from Columbus, where he attended the twenty-first annual convention of the Funeral Directors' Association of Ohio, which lasted for three days. It was decided to press the matter of having the legislature pass a law requiring every embalmer to pass an examination and be registered. The members of the association are opposed to Sunday funerals. The next meeting will be held in Columbus in June, 1902. The officers elected were: George H. High, of Columbus, president; L. Grim, of Ripley, first vice president; C. A. Rudy, of Massillon, second vice president; E. E. Fisher, of Columbus, secretary-treasurer, and Roscoe Sharer, of Alliance, sergeant-at arms. C. A. Rudy was selected as one of the four delegates to the national convention to be held in Charleston, S. C., in October. There are now 204 members in the association.

THE CLASS OF 1901.

Busy Days in the Massillon High School.

FINAL EXAMINATIONS.

Names of Those who Will Take Part in the Programme of Commencement Exercises—The Class to Number About Forty—Commencements in Nearby Towns.

The senior class of the Massillon high school will graduate on the 26th of the present month at the Armory. On the evening of that day about forty young people will finish the course as prescribed by the Massillon board of education.

The class this year is of average size. The final examinations will be held within the next week, at which time the exact number to be graduated will be determined. All members of the class who are on the honor roll, that is, those who have made an average of 90 or over for the three years' course, will take part in the commencement exercises. They are: John Gorman, president of the class, Ray List, Frank Humberger, Ralph Oberlin, Melville Limbach, Harry Miller, Sam Hankins, Nellie Lowe, secretary of the class, Blanche Martin, Grace Breckel, Margery Gates, Edna Dielhenn, Helen Jarvis, Clara Krider, Laura Jones, Mary Keller, Lillian Kouth, Sadie Grayhill, Helen Anderson, Mabel Spuhler, Edith Scott, Ermina Becker and Minnie Albright.

The members of the class have not yet selected their motto but this will be done in a few days. The class colors are fern green and white. Each member wears a class pin of appropriate design with "01" set in gold on an enamel background in the class colors.

A trolley party is now in contemplation. It will take place within a few days after the commencement exercises.

As is usual, one of the principal subjects that engages the attention of the girls of the class is the matter of commencement gowns. Needless to say the gowns will be of delicate colors and will make the wearers as sweet as the traditional girl graduate is supposed to be.

THE DALTON CLASS.

DALTON, June 6.—The members of the class of 1901 of the Dalton high school, which held its commencement exercises May 24, are arranging for the annual picnic. The class consisted of eleven persons, two being young men.

OBITUARY NOTICE.

DAVID HAROLD.

David, the 2-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Harold, died at his home in Elton on Thursday morning of pneumonia. The funeral will take place from the McFarren church Saturday morning at 10 o'clock. Interment will be made in the Massillon cemetery.

A SIMPLE QUESTION.

Massillon People are Requested to Honestly Answer This.

Is not the word of a representative citizen of Massillon more convincing than the doubtful utterances of people living everywhere else in the Union? Read this:

Mr. C. S. Drake, of 143 State street, says: "My work at the rolling mill is of a heavy nature and affected my kidneys, so that much pain in and around those organs ensued. Learning of the great benefits others received from Doan's Kidney Pills, I procured them at Z. T. Baltzly's drug store, 12 South Erie street, nearly opposite the opera house. I am more than grateful for the speedy relief which followed a course of the treatment." I most emphatically recommend Doan's Kidney Pills to everyone in need of a cure for kidney trouble."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute.

Cheap Insurance.

Many a man has been insured against Bright's disease, diabetes or other dangerous ailment by a fifty cent bottle of Foley's Kidney Cure. Rider & Snyder.

Itchness of the skin, horrible plague. Everyone is afflicted in one way or another. Only one safe, never failing cure—Doan's Ointment. 50 cents.

Every family should have its household medicine chest, and the first bottle in it should be Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, nature's remedy for coughs and colds.

OHIOAN'S DIARY.

Interesting Record of a Western Trip.

FROM SNOW TO FLOWERS.

Leaving Drifts Nine Feet Deep "Back East" the Transition is Somewhat Startling—The Labor Day Parade in Sacramento—Everything Done with Vim and Vigor.

The following "Extracts from an Ohioan's Diary" appeared in the Sacramento (Cal). Record-Union, of May 12. They are from the pen of a well known resident of Massillon:

Sunday, May 5, 1901. Three days' travel from Northeastern Ohio, bound for Sacramento, and far, far out on the dreary plains. Yesterday we passed Colonel Wm. F. Cody's "Rest Ranche," in Nebraska, though his residence was back of the hills and we saw nothing but the porter's lodge. Buffalo Bill stirs up a big crowd with his flowing locks and band of Indians every time in the East, and I was somewhat disappointed at not seeing his house.

"Hark! hark! the dogs do bark," and it is Kline's famous dog show of New York City en route to San Francisco, where they are due on the 7th. We are waiting at Ogden and the proprietors of the show have just taken some of the passengers into the dog-car, and turned some of the dogs loose, and those who are judges pronounce them fine specimens. But there is a howl greater than the dogs are creating, going forth by the owners. Alas! the dogs are not first class passengers, and can go no further, attached to our car, hence they will not be on hand at San Francisco on the 7th, and as we slowly steam out of the depot the three excited proprietors are standing by their disconnected car, frantically arguing a hopeless case.

Afternoon—Are passing some wild and beautiful scenery. A storm descended and enveloped the summit of a mountain a few moments ago, while the most wonderful mother-of pearl tints rest upon the distant mountain crests, and that stranger delusion, caused by atmospherical conditions, forever leads one to think that within an arm's length the clouds are touching the earth. We have just passed the Devil's Slide, and Devil's Gate, famous bits of scenery in Utah. The slide is two ridges of jagged rock a few feet apart, extending down the mountain side, and I suppose during his playful moods his satanic majesty toboggans down this slide. His gateway is wildly picturesque and imposing. A mad torrent rushes between the towering and rocky heights of two mountains, and coursing in a semi-circle, reappears turbulent and seething—incidentally, it seems as though the bulk of the old fellow's real estate were located in Utah.

6th—Guess we saw it all yesterday, unless it is two curiosities we have on board. One a baby alligator in a box, and the other a Mormon with four of his wives. It is the first time that I have ever seen either. The heat and alkali dust are becoming intolerable. It is early morning, and the desert is the most desolate spot on earth. Here and there, the skeleton of a horse lies stretched on the burning sands, and occasionally a guide post with no earthly mission stands gaunt and points toward some bleak and dark spot in the mountains. It is said that one of these guide posts in bold and unblushing type, points between two dark and cavernous mountains and announces the road to the infernal regions. Of course, he who printed that sign in such plain and simple language was a wicked and blasphemous person, but (confidentially) I think the route to be direct.

6th, afternoon—Will we ever reach Sacramento? Traveling is becoming intolerable. We have left lazy Indian women with their papooses strapped upon their shoulders and other attractions which might have been interesting at an earlier stage of the journey. We are nearing Sacramento.

7th, a. m.—At last in blooming Sacramento. Nature is at her best, and the flower fete is in full sway. Leaving snow drifts nine feet deep only three weeks ago "back East" (how glibly the expression falls from the lips when one is so far West), the transition is somewhat startling. It is hard to reconcile the mind to flowers and ripe fruits, without first seeing the preparatory stages of budding and ripening. Never again will we see such a profusion of flowers as we beheld on the opening day of the fair. The air is heavy with the scent of orange blossoms and the dainty wild poppies nod a welcome as we drive along the roadside.

8th—Rest.

9th—Went to see Labor Day parade. Many pretty features in the procession. Everything here is done with so much vim and vigor. The printers' display attracted much attention, especially the division known as the printers' "devils." They appeared en costume. The older ones in bright red and younger ones in green, and all carrying pitchforks. I suppose the older ones, blazing in red, had been setting type longer than those in green, and that is why they were so well red.

10th—Next week San Francisco will unfold some of its wonders to us, and, of course, there will be an excusable sense of fullness in every Ohioan's head when the United States battleship Ohio is launched, and

"With one exulting joyous bound
Leaps into the ocean's arms."

HELEN LOWE BEATTY.

May 10, 1901.

TO ANNUL A CONTRACT.

Meeting of Commissioners and Workhouse Directors.

The commissioners have directed the auditor to call a joint meeting of the workhouse directors and the county commissioners, to be held next Friday, June 14, for the purpose of considering matters of interest to the people of the county, the most important of which will be the contract now in force between the Standard Brush Company and the workhouse directors. One of the county commissioners, in an interview in the Canton Repository said: "The object of the meeting between the commissioners and workhouse directors is to consider means for annuling the contract between the workhouse board of directors and the Standard Brush company, for the employment of the convict labor. The workhouse has veritably been paying for the privilege of providing employment for the convicts, and instead of making money has been the loser by the contract. The average earnings of the convicts in the factory is about ten cents a day each. Some of the more expert, of course, earn more, but this is on the average earning. The power for running the factory is furnished by the workhouse, and the expenses incident to maintaining it are more than is realized. The contract entered into between the directors and the brush company is for three years, with the privilege of two additional years. The county could better afford to keep the convicts in idleness than continue under the present arrangement. The matter will be considered and an effort made to change the existing condition of affairs."

HOSPITAL NOTES.

Call for June Meeting of Trustees.

FIRST OPEN AIR CONCERT

The New Park to be an Ideal Resort for Patients in Hot Weather—Invitations Issued for the Commencement Exercises of the Attendants' Training School.

The regular Friday night hop at the state hospital attracted a large number of people last night. The continuance of the cool weather means the continuance of the dances.

The call for the June meeting of the board of trustees has been made. The meeting will take place on the 18th. The members will remain in the city over night for the purpose of attending the commencement of the training school for nurses. The principal matter that will claim the attention of the board is the building which is now in progress on the grounds. The new cottage south of the infirmary is being pushed right along. It will not be ready for occupancy before late in the summer. The amusement hall is nearing completion and will be ready for the dedication in August.

The first open air band concert was given yesterday on the hillside west of the buildings. A large number of the patients were taken out and enjoyed the music. Picked teams played a game of ball at the same time and there was plenty of amusement. The band is now under the direction of Charles Rieder.

Some work has been done on the new park. The place has been completely cleaned and roads are now being built. This will make an ideal place in which the residents at the institution can pass the time during the heated term.

Invitations have been sent out from the office which read as follows: "Yourself and ladies are cordially invited to be present at the commencement exercises of the Massillon state hospital training school for attendants, Tuesday evening, June the eighteenth, nineteen hundred and one." The preparations have all been completed for the commencement. It will take place in the chapel.

The bilious, tired, nervous man cannot successfully compete with his healthy rival. DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the famous pills for constipation, will remove the cause of your troubles. Chas. W. Cupples, 139 West Tremont street, Rider & Snyder, 12 E. Main St.

For two years Ira W. Kelley of Mansfield, Pa., was in poor health on account of kidney trouble. He consulted several physicians and spent considerable money for medicines without obtaining relief until he tried Foley's Kidney Cure, and now writes "I desire to add my testimony that it may be the cause of aiding others." Rider & Snyder.

A wheelman's tool bag isn't complete without a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. Heals cuts, bruises, stings, sprains. Monarch over pain.

Men may differ on politics, religion or finance, but all who have tried Banner Salve are agreed as to its worth for cuts, burns, sores, piles and skin diseases. It's the most healing medicine in the world. Rider & Snyder.

A surgical operation is not necessary to cure piles. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve saves all that expense and never fails. Beware of counterfeits. Chas. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont street; Rider & Snyder, 12 E. Main street.

Fatal mistakes are made by those who do not heed the earlier symptoms of kidney or bladder trouble that often end in Bright's disease or diabetes. When Foley's Kidney Cure makes the kidneys well, how foolish it is to delay. Rider & Snyder.

Gibson's "The Widow and Her Friends." New Armory, June 13-14.

DRIFTING

TOWARD Bright's disease, diabetes, gravel or other serious kidney or bladder disease is what thousands are doing who do not know it. You may be one of them. Are you neglecting that backache, tired-out feeling, dizziness or other symptom of kidney disorder? The symptoms of kidney disease are many and peculiar—baffling even to doctors.

Here is a simple and sure test which any one may try:

Set aside a bottle of urine for twelve hours. If a sediment or settling occurs it is a sure sign of kidney disease.

Foley's Kidney Cure is absolutely guaranteed. You run no risk. See that you get Foley's, the guaranteed cure.

BANNER SALVE heals all hurts but Cupid's wounds.

Rider & Snyder, Druggists.

HUMBERGERS

We show this week a beautiful assortment of Ladies' Wash Skirts in Pique, Duck and Shrimp Linen. These garments are made by one of the best New York manufacturers.

FIT, STYLE and FINISH GUARANTEED.

They are priced from 98c to $6.75.

The same concern make an exclusive line of Lawn and Dimity Suits.

We have these from $2.25 to $11.50.

Look at them.

We are agents for Massillon for the New Idea Pattern. They have no equal.

10 cents is the price for any pattern in the cabinet.

HUMBERGERS'.

WARWICK BLOCK, MASSILLON.

INDEPENDENT WANT COLUMNS

Articles lost and found, houses to let or desired, help wanted, situations wanted, real estate bulletins and kindred announcements are more certain to produce results if advertised under this head than by any other means. Copy must be left not later than 10 a. m. to insure insertion the same day. Six publications of not more than 4 printed lines for 25 cents.

WANTED.

BOY—At the new Hotel Herbert, opposite Ft. Wayne depot. E. A. Hile.

GIRL for general housework. Apply at 59 South Mill street.

GIRLS—A dining room girl and a chambermaid. Apply immediately at Hotel Sailer.

GIRL—A good girl for general housework. Apply to Mrs. Daniel Hemperly, 21 S. East street.

MEN—50 men to leave orders for spring and summer suits, fancy flannels and serges, cheviots, vicunas and undressed worsteds. G. Gruenberg, Tailor, No. 17 E. Main street.

ROOM—To rent an unfurnished room up stairs. Address "M." care of Independent office.

WASHWOMAN—Inquire Young Yee, 8, Mill street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COAL—Order Kryder coal from Hankins's bank at Geo. Rink, Massillon, Phone 52.

DRESSMAKING and ladies' tailoring, first class in style, fit and work. Paris styles and patterns used. Charles street, second door from Hill.

VAULTS and cesspools cleaned. Chas. Swarms 36 Warwick street. Farmers phone 426, or leave orders at Fetzer's blacksmith shop, North Erie street.

LOST.

JACKET—A lady's black eton jacket with blue lining. Ben Hur pin, on Mill or Cherry streets or on Washington auenue. Finder leave at The Independent office.

SPECTACLES—Between Dwight street and Richeim r's bakery, a pair of go'd rimmed spectacles. Finder will please leave at Independent office.

VALISE—Between Massillon and East Greenville, the property of Rev. D. R. Davis.

FOR RENT.

FURNISHED room for light housekeeping. 42 East Oak street.

HOUSE—The A. T. Skinner residence, corner of East and Tremont streets; twelve rooms and bath; all modern conveniences. Possession given in July. House cannot be sublet and one family only accommodated. Apply at Independent office.

ROOM—Nicely furnished front room for permanent lodger. Mrs. J. W. Ryder, corner of Mill and Oak streets.

THREE fully furnished rooms for light housekeeping, centrally located, all modern improvement. Apply at this office.

For Sale, Rent or Exchange.

FOUR ACRES of land with good buildings, fruit, etc.; one mile from Wilmot. Will sell, rent or exchange same for property in or near Massillon. Inquire of R. W. McCaughy.

FOR SALE.

WATCH—A good railroad watch seventeen jewel Hampden movement, filled case; warranted for 20 years. Will stand the test. Inquire at The Independent office.

FOR SALE.

BICYCLE—A ladie's bicycle for $15. Only used one season. Apply at this office.

BICYCLES—First-class, high grade Record bicycles, to-wit: Gents' fully guaranteed 1901 bicycles, $20 and $25; ladies' fully guaranteed 1901 bicycles, $21. For full particulars inquire of F. Kitt, sole agent, Houston street; prompt delivery insured. Also lawn swings at low prices.

BOOK CASE—Black walnut book case. Very cheap if sold soon. Call at 62 North East street. H. C. Brown.

BUGGY—One open buggy, rubber tires; has been run about four months through the summer; also a single set of light harness. Robert Hess.

GROCERIES—A stock of groceries. Inquire at Independent office.

HORSES—Two work horses for sale. Inquire of Ferdinand Kiko, Short East street, along the canal.

HOUSE—A desirable house of 8 rooms with all modern conveniences. Bath, laundry, etc. Lot 50x150 feet. Apply at 26 South Cedar street.

HOUSE—89 South Mill street; lot 54x132 ft. 9 rooms, both waters, bath, laundry, gas furnace sewer connection. Inquire 83 S. Mill street.

HOUSE No. 63 S. East street; lot 35x100. New 8-roomed house, best ever planned and built here strictly for sale; both waters, electricity, gas, bath, laundry furnace, sewer connection, back vented plumbing. Warren E. Russell, 25 Prospect street.

LAND—Five acres of good farm land; grand location for a suburban home just 2¼ miles from the square on the interurban line; good well on it. Address Chas. E. Brown, care of Hotel Massillon.

LOT—Good lot on Columbia Heights on Jarvis avenue, 3rd lot from McKinley street. Inquire at 112 South Erie St., Massillon.

LOT—One vacant lot on South Erie street, near Edwin street. Also one acre tract on Grape street. See J. E. Johns, 13 East Main street, city.

LOTS—Two lots 40x109 feet, one located at corner of Andrew and High streets, the other on High. Inquire of Fred Fricker, 68 High street.

NEW six-roomed house on Wood street; hall and open staircase, gas, and city water. Jas McIsaac.

NEW house, 165 Green street; six rooms, hall, gas, city water; will be sold cheap; easy payments. House will be completed about June 10. Geo. R. Hankins.

PIANO—Beautiful new Upright piano, San Domingo mahogany case, $2 per week until paid. Address 132 P. O. box, Massillon.

SIX roomed house on E. Cherry street, second house from Mill street; city and cistern water, also connected with gas. Inquire 154 N. Mill street.

TWO new houses on Bank street; four rooms and bath room complete; gas, city and cistern water, cupboard and sink in kitchen. Will be completed by June 25. Easy terms. Come at once if you want one at $1,200. S. Burd, over Sonnhalter Bros.' grocery.

Read the "want" columns daily.

BUD CROOKE, 2:15¼, 8,167.

Sired Hontas Crook, 2:09; John B., 2:17; Allen Crook, 2:17½; Victor L., 2:19½; Black Crook, 2:22; Pearl, 2:23¾; Gold Bud, 2:24; Lavon, 2:24¼; Bettie Crook, 2:24¼; Mickey C., 2:24½; Boomerang, 2:27; Hylas Crook, 2:27½, and seven others better than 2.30.

He has sired 19 race horses with records from 2:09 to 2:30, including Hontas Crook, who holds the wagon record of the world in a race, 2:10; also the fastest trial ever paced to wagon, 2:02.

Will Make Season at $30 to Insure. Approved Mares Bred on Shares.

Young stock for sale. Some fine Great Dane puppies for sale.
Call or address Meyer's Lakeside Stock Farm, Canton, Ohio.

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